

February 2006

**IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS OF  
KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA FOR CATTLE  
EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES**

The cattle must be accompanied by U.S. Origin Health Certificate issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and endorsed by a Veterinary Services veterinarian. The certificate must contain the names and addresses of the consignor/exporter, consignee/importer, premises where the animals were raised, and complete identification of the animals. The certificate must also contain the following certification statements and the dates and results of the indicated testing.

**CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS**

1. The United States is free of foot and mouth disease, rinderpest and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia;
2. With respect to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE):
  - a. Surveillance for BSE in the United States meets or exceeds OIE guidelines
  - b. The feeding to ruminants of most material containing ruminant protein, including ruminant meat-and- bone meal and greaves, has been prohibited in the United States since August 1997
  - c. None of the cattle for export has been linked to a herd with a confirmed case of BSE.
  - d. The cattle selected for export were born at least 3 years after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants was effectively enforced.
3. The herd of origin has been free of brucellosis and tuberculosis for the last 12 months.
4. The animals for export were inspected and found free from evidence of mycoplasma mastitis and, according to the best knowledge and belief of the certifying veterinarian, the animals originated from premises where no case of mycoplasma mastitis have been known to occur in the past 12 months.
5. The animals were inspected within 30 days prior to export and found to be free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases.

## TEST REQUIREMENTS

The cattle must be tested as prescribed below, with negative results. All serological and microbiological tests must be performed at a laboratory recognized by USDA.

1. Tuberculosis: Intradermal test using bovine PPD tuberculin.
2. Brucellosis: Complement fixation test at a 1:10 dilution OR buffered *Brucella* antigen test (e.g., card test) OR ELISA or standard tube OR plate agglutination test at a 1:50 dilution.
3. Enzootic bovine leukosis: Agar-gel immunodiffusion OR ELISA
4. <sup>1-2</sup>Campylobacteriosis: Culture of preputial OR vaginal specimen.
5. <sup>1-2</sup>Trichomoniasis: Agent identification by direct examination OR culture of preputial OR vaginal specimen.

<sup>1</sup>*Required only of breeding animals;*

<sup>2</sup>*Required only of bulls that have been used for natural service, and heifers and cows that have been bred through natural mating. For those animals to which the requirement does not apply, a statement that the animals have not been used for natural service (bulls) or bred through natural mating (heifers and cows) must be included on the health certificate.*

## OTHER INFORMATION

The animals has originated from the state(s) \_\_\_\_\_

Within 30 days prior to export the animals were inspected and treated for internal and external parasites on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) with \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the product)

The animals were vaccinated for the following diseases within 30 days before the embarkation:

Disease	Vaccination date
IBR	_____
BVD	_____
Para-influenza	_____
Clostridial diseases	_____
Leptospirosis	_____

## **EXPORT CERTIFICATION**

1. At the port of embarkation, a VS port veterinarian must attach to the U.S. Origin Health Certificate a completed VS Form 17-37, Certificate of Inspection of Export Animals, showing:
  - a. The name and address of the consignor.
  - b. The name and address of the consignee.
  - c. The number and species of animals to be shipped.
  - d. A statement that the animals have been given a careful veterinary inspection at the port of embarkation and found free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto within 24 hours of exportation.



- C. The animals for export originate from the state(s) of \_\_\_\_\_
- D. The herd of origin has been free of brucellosis and tuberculosis for the last 12 months.
- E. The animals for export were inspected and found free from evidence of mycoplasma mastitis and, according to the best knowledge and belief of the certifying veterinarian, the animals originated from premises where no case of mycoplasma mastitis have been known to occur in the past 12 months.
- F. The animals were inspected within 30 days prior to export and found to be free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases
- G. Within 30 days prior to export the animals were inspected and treated for internal and external parasites on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) with: \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the product)
- H. The animals were vaccinated for the following diseases within 30 days before the embarkation:

Disease	Vaccination date
1. IBR	_____
2. BVD	_____
3. Para-influenza	_____
4. Clostridial diseases	_____
5. Leptospirosis	_____

**IV. TEST REQUIREMENTS**

The cattle for export were tested as prescribed below (delete not applicable tests), with negative results. All serological and microbiological tests must be performed at a laboratory recognized by USDA.

DISEASE	TEST	DATE
A. Tuberculosis:	Intradermal caudal fold test using bovine PPD tuberculin.	_____
B. Brucellosis:	Complement fixation test at a 1:10 dilution <u>OR</u> buffered <i>Brucella</i> antigen test (e.g., card test) <u>OR</u> ELISA <u>OR</u> standard tube <u>OR</u> plate agglutination test at a 1:50 dilution.	_____
C. Enzootic bovine leukosis:	Agar-gel immunodiffusion <u>OR</u> ELISA.	_____
D. Campylobacteriosis <sup>1-2</sup> :	Culture of preputial <u>OR</u> vagina specimen.	_____
E. Trichomoniasis <sup>1-2</sup> :	Agent identification by direct examination <u>OR</u> culture of preputial <u>OR</u> vaginal specimen.	_____

Health Certificate No. :  
(Valid only if the USDA Veterinary  
Seal appears over the certificate no.)

<sup>1</sup>Required only of breeding animals.

<sup>2</sup>Required only of bulls that have been used for natural service, and heifers and cows that have been bred through natural mating. For those animals to which the requirement does not apply, a statement that the animals have not been used for natural service (bulls) or bred through natural mating (heifers and cows) must be included on the health certificate.

Type or Print - Name and Address  
of issuing USDA-accredited Veterinarian

Type or Print - Name of Endorsing  
Federal Veterinarian

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address:

Line 1 \_\_\_\_\_

Line 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Line 3 \_\_\_\_\_

Line 4 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Accredited Veterinarian

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Endorsing Area Veterinarian  
In Charge (Valid only if USDA Veterinary  
Seal Appears Over Signature)

Date Issued: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Endorsed: \_\_\_\_\_

